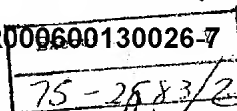


11 JUN 1975



Honorable John J. McFall  
House of Representatives  
Washington, D. C. 20515

Dear Mr. McFall:

Mr. Robert McCloskey of the Department of State has referred to me your inquiry regarding the allegations made by Mr. Sam Adams in a May 1975 Harper's magazine article. I am pleased to have the opportunity to provide my views on this matter.

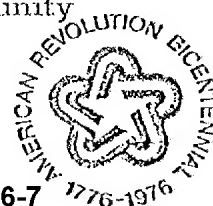
In broad terms, Mr. Adams charges that the Central Intelligence Agency deliberately suppressed Mr. Adams' views of enemy troop strength in South Vietnam, and conspired with elements of the Department of Defense to produce false and misleading, but politically acceptable, estimates of Vietnamese Communist strength.

These charges are not true.

During the period discussed in Mr. Adams' article, U. S. intelligence analysts of North Vietnamese and Viet Cong troop strength were continually confronted with the basic problem of fragmentary evidence. The evidence available consisted largely of captured Communist documents and the results of prisoner interrogations, augmented by informant and agent reports. Evidence which looked solid on first inspection was often much less solid than initial appearances would suggest. (Communist officials reporting to higher command echelons, for example, frequently exaggerated their accomplishments in developing guerrilla units, recruiting people for front groups or service units, etc.) Also, the evidence was inherently spotty. Hard information on Communist strength in several districts, for example, had to be assessed along with other information in determining the extent to which these districts were--or were not--representative of the approximately 235 districts in all of South Vietnam.

Given the state and nature of the evidence available, there were--inevitably--wide variations in the assessments or conclusions on this subject developed by professional U. S. intelligence officers. All of these conclusions had some evidentiary basis and none of them--including Mr. Adams'--was beyond legitimate professional argument.

By Mr. Adams' own account, his views could hardly have been considered suppressed. Indeed, he was afforded unusual opportunities to present them to his fellow analysts throughout the intelligence community



and to the most senior officers in the CIA. In addition, Mr. Adams was able to expound his views during a number of major attempts to resolve the differences within the U. S. intelligence community regarding the size and strength of Communist forces in Vietnam. These attempts included interagency conferences held in Honolulu, Saigon and Washington, attended not only by representatives of the Washington intelligence community, but also by representatives of CINCPAC and MACV. Mr. Adams also presented his views to various members of the National Security Council Staff, to several Congressmen, and to members of the staffs of either individual Congressmen or various congressional committees.

Mr. Adams' research in fact made a real contribution to our knowledge of enemy strength in South Vietnam and the results of that research did much to raise the United States Government's estimates of that strength. Nonetheless, not all of Mr. Adams' conclusions were endorsed by his colleagues or superiors, not because his views were suppressed or regarded as politically unpalatable, but simply because the detailed expositions of his arguments were not all persuasive to his professional colleagues.

The Agency's assessments in the late 1960's were based in substantial measure on Mr. Adams' work and did argue the case for higher figures than those employed by MACV and the Defense Intelligence Agency. These CIA assessments were presented to the most senior officials of the United States Government, who were also apprised of the fact that there remained substantial differences of opinion within the intelligence community on these questions of Communist strength.

Mr. Adams' charges go to the very heart of the intelligence profession. One of the principal reasons why Congress established an independent Central Intelligence Agency in 1947 was to prevent departmental concerns and policy considerations from influencing national intelligence assessments. On the complex matter of assessing Communist strength in Vietnam, we scrupulously avoided consideration of the political impact of our judgments and constantly endeavored to provide the President and his senior advisors with the most objective conclusions we could develop, based on the best evidence and analysis attainable.

During 1968, two internal investigations were conducted within CIA to assess charges made at that time by Mr. Adams which were essentially similar to those expounded in his 1975 Harper's article. On the basis of the findings of those two inquiries, I am personally satisfied that Mr. Adams had every reasonable opportunity to present his views and argue them in great detail; that the Agency officers who did not accept all of his conclusions were acting in light of their best professional reading of the evidence available--which led them to conclusions at some variance with those of

Mr. Adams--and that the CIA officers and offices responsible for assessing the situation in Vietnam carried out their responsibility for producing unbiased intelligence assessments.

Sincerely,

/s/ W. E. Colby

W. E. Colby  
Director

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OLC:DFM:cg (9 Jun 75)



DEPARTMENT OF STATE

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Washington, D.C. 20520

ALL 15-1070

May 6, 1975

25X1

[Redacted]  
Central Intelligence Agency  
Room 6F19  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Bill:

Here is another letter on the Sam Adams article in the May Harpers. As we agreed earlier, would you please send a substantive reply directly to Congressman McFall.

In case we get future correspondence on this subject, you might want to consider giving us some "standard language" for a response so we will not have to continue to refer these to you.

Sincerely,

Robert H. Wenzel  
Country Director  
Office of Viet-Nam Affairs

cc:  
Correspondence with  
Congressman McFall

Honorable John J. McFall  
House of Representatives  
Washington, D. C. 20515

Dear Mr. McFall:

Thank you for your letter of April 29 enclosing correspondence from Mrs. [redacted] concerning an alleged conspiracy within the United States Government to withhold the truth about the strength of communist forces in South Vietnam.

STAT

The allegation in question was made in an article by Sam Adams in the May 1975 issue of Harpers. This article concerns intelligence estimating methods and internal procedures of the Central Intelligence Agency and the intelligence community. Consequently, CIA is in the best position to comment on this report, and I am asking that agency to reply to you directly.

Please continue to call on us whenever you believe we may be helpful.

Sincerely,

Robert J. McCloskey  
Assistant Secretary  
for Congressional Relations

Enclosure:  
Correspondence returned

STAT



JOHN J. McFALL  
15TH DISTRICT, CALIFORNIA

COMMITTEE ON  
APPROPRIATIONS

SUBCOMMITTEES:  
CHAIRMAN—TRANSPORTATION  
DEFENSE  
LEGISLATIVE

MAJORITY WHIP

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# Congress of the United States

## House of Representatives

Washington, D.C. 20515

April 29, 1975

RAYMOND F. (RAY) DARNES  
ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

SAMUEL A. MARRY  
LEGISLATIVE ASSISTANT

WASHINGTON OFFICE:  
2346 RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING

DISTRICT ASSISTANTS:  
JOHN OLIVASSO  
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GEORGE D. MURPHY, JR.

DISTRICT OFFICES:  
146 NORTH GRANT STREET  
MANTENO, CALIFORNIA 95336

1 MAIN STREET  
JACKSON, CALIFORNIA 95642

Mr. Robert McCloskey  
Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations  
Department of State  
2201 C Street, N. W.  
Washington, D.C. 20520

**ACTION**  
is assigned to

EAH

Dear Mr. McCloskey:

Enclosed please find a copy of a recent letter I received from [redacted] a constituent. [redacted] is inquiring about government estimations of Viet Cong troop strength in the recent Vietnam Conflict.

I would appreciate it if you would examine [redacted] inquiry and provide me with a response. Any printed information on this subject would also be appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

*for* *John J. McFall*  
John J. McFall  
Member of Congress

JJMCF/ccd/br  
Enclosure

RECEIVED  
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

1975 MAY 1 PM 4 17

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